Public Document Pack

Cabinet

DOCUMENTS FOR THE MEMBERS ROOM

Tuesday, 16th April, 2019 at 4.30 pm

MEMBERS ROOM DOCUMENTS ATTACHED TO THE LISTED REPORTS

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MEMBERS ROOM DOCUMENTS

- **HRA CAPITAL DIGITAL IMPROVEMENTS** □ (Pages 1 18) 8
- 9 CONTROLLING STREET DRINKING USING PUBLIC SPACES PROTECTION **ORDERS** (Pages 19 - 22)
- **10 SOLENT EMPLOYMENT SUPPORT** (Pages 23 40)
- 11 WESTON SHORE INFANT SCHOOL ROOF WORKS (Pages 41 42)

Monday, 8 April 2019 SERVICE DIRECTOR, LEGAL AND GOVERNANCE



Equality Impact Assessment

Name or Brief	HRA Capital Digital Improvements. This project is to support
	the delivery of the programme of work of the Housing
Description of	Improvement Board. This EIA supports the Cabinet report
Proposal	requesting approval for the investment of HRA Capital to
	deliver digital improvements and ongoing revenue savings.
	gen gran mpresentation and engangrane
Brief Service	This is the second phase of the Housing Service IT & Digital
Profile	plan which is designed to support improvements for tenants,
	housing staff and the council. This investment is to support the rationalisation and subsequent development of IT systems
	and equipment within housing enabling streamlined and digital
	business processes. Improvements, efficiencies and
	consistent ways of working can then be designed and
	delivered. The plan includes migrating the existing 125 users
	from the old systems and equipment onto the new platform
	and ways of working while also extending this to include a
	further 125 users, resulting in one place for the co-ordination
	of all Housing Operations staff, a single modern system that is
	very nearly "always-on".
Summary of	The new digitally enabled service will extend the ways
Impact and	housing can update and communicate with tenants. Rather
Issues	than via letter or over the telephone, the new system will
	include the capability to send text messages and/or emails to
	remind tenants about repairs appointments. Together with
	the new IT equipment for staff, the project supports modern,
	efficient and effective working and forms of communication in
	line with the digital strategy.
Potential	Extending ways of communicating with tenants improves
Positive	accessibility to information as emails / text can be read out
Impacts	using screen readers or similar technology.

Potential Negative Impacts

The housing service are not proposing to remove any forms of communication with tenants and therefore no negative impacts that might be associated with access to technology or ability to digitally communicate have been identified. This EIA should be updated if that decision is revisited.

Impact	Details of Impact	Possible Solutions
Assessment	Details of illipact	1 Ossible Colutions
	NIa insurant	
Age	No impact	
Disability	No impact	
Gender	No impact	
Reassignment	·	
Marriage and	No impact	
Civil		
Partnership		
Pregnancy and Maternity	No impact	
Race	No impact	
Religion or Belief	No impact	
Sex	No impact	
Sexual Orientation	No impact	
Community Safety	No impact	
Poverty	No impact	
Other	None identified	
Significant Impacts		



Data Protection Impact Assessment

What is a Data Protection Impact Assessment?

A Data Protection Impact Assessment ("DPIA") is a process that assists organisations in identifying and minimising the privacy risks of new projects or policies. Projects of all sizes could impact on personal data.

The DPIA will help to ensure that potential problems are identified at an early stage, when addressing them will often be simpler and less costly.

Conducting a DPIA should benefit the Council by producing better policies and systems, and improving the relationship with individuals.

Why should I carry out a DPIA?

Carrying out an effective DPIA should benefit the people affected by a project and also the organisation carrying out the project.

Not only is it a legal requirement in some cases, it is often the most effective way to demonstrate to the Information Commissioner's Officer how personal data processing complies with data protection legislation.

A project which has been subject to a DPIA should be less privacy intrusive and therefore less likely to affect individuals in a negative way.

A DPIA should improve transparency and make it easier for individuals to understand how and why their information is being used.

When should I carry out a DPIA?

The core principles of DPIA can be applied to any project that involves the use of personal data, or to any other activity that could have an impact on the privacy of individuals.

Answering the screening questions in Step 1 of this document should help you identify the need for a DPIA at an early stage of your project, which can then be built into your project management or other business process.

Who should carry out a DPIA?

Responsibility for conducting a DPIA should be placed at senior manager level. A DPIA has strategic significance and direct responsibility for the DPIA must, therefore, be assumed by a senior manager.

The senior manager should ensure effective management of the privacy impacts arising from the project, and avoid expensive re-work and retro-fitting of features by discovering issues early.

A senior manager can delegate responsibilities for conducting a DPIA to three alternatives:

- a) An appointment within the overall project team;
- b) Someone who is outside the project; or
- c) An external consultant.

Each of these alternatives has its own advantages and disadvantages, and careful consideration should be given on each project as to who would be best-placed for carrying out the DPIA.

How do I carry out a DPIA?

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After Step 5, the Information Lawyer (Data Protection Officer) will review the DPIA within 14 days of receipt, and complete the rest of the assessment within 28 days. The DPO will identify any privacy risks, and proposed measures to address them.

These measures must then be agreed by the project lead, Information Asset Owner or Administrator, and, in some cases, the Senior Information Risk Owner.

Advice can be found at the beginning of each section, but if further information or assistance is required, please contact the Information Lawyer (Data Protection Officer) on 023 8083 2676 or at information@southampton.gov.uk.

Data Protection Impact Assessment Template			
Version	3.1	Approved by	Data Protection Officer
Date last	2 nd November 2018	Approval	2 nd November 2018
amended		date	
Lead officer	Chris Thornton, Information Lawyer (Data	Review date	2 nd November 2019
	Protection Officer)		
Contact	information@southampton.gov.uk	Effective date	2 nd November 2019

Project Details

Name of Project

HRA Capital Digital Improvements

Brief Summary of Project

This is the second phase of the Housing Service IT & Digital plan which is designed to support improvements for tenants, housing staff and the council. This investment is to support the rationalisation and subsequent development of IT systems and equipment within housing enabling streamlined and digital business processes. Improvements, efficiencies and consistent ways of working can then be designed and delivered. The plan includes migrating the existing 125 users from the old systems and equipment onto the new platform and ways of working while also extending this to include a further 125 users, resulting in one place for the co-ordination of all Housing Operations staff, a single modern system that is very nearly "always-on". Alongside these improvements the new system will enable improved communications with tenants via text message and email.

Estimated Completion Date

December 2019

Name of Project Lead

Jonathan Higginbottom & Sharon Whitaker

Details of Person Conducting DPIA

Name

Deborah Smart

Position

Service Lead - Digital and Strategic IT

Contact Email Address

Deborah.smart@southampton.gov.uk

Step 1: Identify the need for a DPIA

Does your project involve (tick all that apply)			
oxtimes The collection of new information about individuals			
☐ Compelling individuals to provide information about themselves			
$\hfill\Box$ The disclosure of information about individuals to organisations or people who have not previously had routine access to the information			
☐ The use of existing information about individuals for a purpose it is not currently used for, or in a way it is not currently used			
oxtimes Contacting individuals in ways which they may find intrusive			
☑ Making changes to the way personal information is obtained, recorded, transmitted, deleted, or held			
☐ The use of profiling, automated decision-making, or special category data¹ to make significant decisions about people (e.g. their access to a service, opportunity, or benefit).			
☐ The processing of special category data¹ or criminal offence data on a large scale.			
☐ Systematically monitoring a publicly accessible place on a large scale.			
☐ The use of new technologies.			
☐ Carrying out profiling on a large scale.			
☐ Processing biometric or genetic data.			
☐ Combining, comparing, or matching data from multiple sources.			
\square Processing personal data without providing a privacy notice directly to the individual.			
☑ Processing personal data in a way which involves tracking individuals' online or offline location or behaviour.			
☐ Processing children's personal data for profiling or automated decision-making or for marketing purposes, or offer online services directly to them.			
☐ Processing personal data which could result in a risk of physical harm in the event of a security breach.			

¹ personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade union membership, and the processing of genetic data, biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or data concerning a natural person's sex life or sexual orientation

If you answered "yes" to any of these, please proceed to Step 2.
If <u>none</u> of these apply, please tick the below box, and return the form to the Information Lawyer (Data Protection Officer) at information@southampton.gov.uk
☐ None of the screening statements in Step 1 of this document apply to the project, and I have determined that it is not necessary to conduct a Data Protection Impact Assessment

Step 2: Describe the processing

The nature of the processing

How will you collect data?

Personal data is submitted by subjects when requesting council housing services.

This includes online-forms, in person and telephone.

Personal data is submitted by Staff when requesting employment in housing services.

This includes online-forms, in person and telephone.

How will you use the data?

The data is processed by the Housing Service to deliver council housing services.

The data is processed by front-line staff to complete specific transactions and is coordinated and scheduled by office staff.

The data is only shared with relevant third parties where necessary and is processed according to data sharing agreements enforced by contracts.

Staff data will be used to coordinate and schedule work and manage the performance of the housing service.

How will you store the data?

Data is processed using Council managed infrastructure and applications. This includes electronic storage of data in file systems including: application databases, communication systems and content management systems.

Currently data is also processed using paper file systems that are office based. The proposed change will provide the tools to reduce this and potentially remove the need for paper completely following further change.

Staff data will be processed in electronic file systems and specifically the corporate HR system including training and attendance data. Data about staff abilities and capabilities will be processed and stored in operational applications.

How will you delete the data?

Electronic file systems in scope of this change will have data classification and data retention policies applied to periodically delete subject data when it is no longer required.

Paper file sytems in scope of this change will have data classification and data retention policieis applied to periodically delete subject data when it is no longer required.

What is the source of the data?

The source of the data is the data subject.

Will you be sharing data with anyone?

INFO: If yes, please provide details

Describe the scope of the processing

What is the nature of the data?

INFO: Detail the type of personal data being processed. List any fields that will be processed (e.g. name, address, data of birth, NHS number, video images)

For both Tenant and Staff:

Personally Identifiable Data including:

- Name
- Address
- Date of Birth

Financial Data including:

- Payment Details
- Bank Account Details

For Tenant:

Sensitive Personal Data including:

Children's Data

Does it include special category or criminal offence data? Please provide details.

INFO: "Special category" data includes personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade union membership, and the processing of genetic data, biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or data concerning a natural person's sex life or sexual orientation.

Yes.

Staff and Tenants:

Criminal Offence Data is assumed to be stored and processed to prevent fraud and protect staff.

How much data will you be collecting and using?

Approximately 100,000 subjects.

Data for 91,080 tenants(estimated) of 18,000(estimated) properties

Data for prospective 5,000(estimated) tenants applying for properties

Data for 250 staff employed by the Housing Service.

How often will the data be collected and used?

The data will be collected and used continually to deliver housing services

How long will you keep it?

According to the Council retention policy Financial Data will be held for up to 7 years and this will require sufficient personally identifiable data to be able link transactions to the financial data.

How many individuals are affected?

Potentially the whole 250,000 (estimated) population of Southampton may engage with Housing Services.

Typically across 18,000 properties the typical rate of tenancy change is 20% per year (3600 new tenants per year) which means that if data is held maximum of 7 years and in the worst case new tenants arrive and tenants do not move properties then 7 years will require 39,600 properties tenancy data. If the typical household compositiom is 2.3 people per property then this is worst case personal data for 91,080 current and historic tenant subjects.

It is assumed that people applying for properties who are not successful will not need to be kept.

What geographical area does it cover?

All data processing is within the European Economic Ares (EEA) which is controlled by the EU GDPR law in UK the national law that implements EU GDPR is the Data Protection Act 2018.

Describe the context of the processing

What is the nature of your relationship with the individuals?

INFO: Detail who the data subjects will be (e.g. residents, carers, pupils, staff, professionals)

Applicants.

Tenants.

Tenants children.

Employees/Staff.

Third party contract staff.

How much control will they have over their data?

They will have the full rights of the DPA2018 to control the data processing of their data by the Council Housing Service.

Would they reasonably expect the Council to use their data in this way?

INFO: Please provide details to support your answer

Yes and the lawful purpose is to fulfil a contract which reasonably limits some of the rights to restrict processing that are essential to fulfil the contract and provide taxpayer value for money.

Do they include children or other vulnerable groups?

INFO: If yes, please provide details

Yes.

Children, people with disabilities and vulnerable Adults are typical in the population and will be present in Council Housing services.

This needs to be captured and processed to ensure that the required support is provided to prevent discrimination and to safeguard the subjects and protect staff.

Are you aware of any prior concerns over this type of processing or security flaws?

INFO: If yes, please provide details

There have been no notifiable data breaches in the Housing Service scope that the proposed changes to systems that would warrant extra organizational or technical controls.

Is the processing novel in any way?

INFO: If yes, please provide details

No.

What is the current state of technology in this area?

Mature.

Are there any current issues of public concern that should be considered?

INFO: If yes, please provide details

Public and Staff would have a concern over systemic monitoring.

This is not the case with the proposed system changes.

The proposed systems will track and trace business events to time and location and member of staff for performance management and service improvement reasons and to better inform tenants and customers of planned visits/appointments.

Describe the purposes of the processing

What do you want to achieve?

Providing contracted and universal Housing Services to prospective and current tenants.

What is the intended effect on individuals?

To provide decent homes for the population of Southampton.

What are the benefits of the processing – for the Council, and more broadly?

To provide the contracted and universal Housing Services to provide accommodation for the tenant and their families and for the Council to efficiently and effectively provide the service within the constraints of available funding and ensuring value for money.

Step 3: Consultation process

Consider how to consult with relevant stakeholders

Describe when and how you will seek individuals' views – or justify why it's not appropriate to do so

The technical and business changes will engage with stakeholders including tenants as new "user journey" processes are designed to ensure that the new features and functions provided by the technical changes are exploited by business change.

Tenants, Staff, Managers, Unions and partner organisations will be consulted.

Who else do you need to involve, or have you already involved within the Council?

INFO: e.g. IT services, records management

This will involve all required functions including:

- Housing Services
- IT Services
- Cyber/Information Security
- Records Management
- Information Governance/Data Protection [DPO and IAOs/IAAs]

Do you need to ask your processors to assist?

INFO: Processors are third parties who will process the personal data on our behalf

All required third party data processors will be included.

Do you plan to consult information security experts, or any other experts?

INFO: Please provide details to support your answer	
Yes currently assumed all internal to the Council.	

Step 4: Assess necessity and proportionality

Describe compliance and proportionality measures		
What is your lawful basis for processing? Please choose one of the following		
INFO: There should generally only be one legal basis for processing.		
\square The data subject has given consent		
☑ The processing is necessary for the performance of a contract to which the data subject is party or in order to take steps at the request of the data subject prior to entering into a contract		
☐ The processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which the Council is subject		
☐ The processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the Council		
☐ The processing is necessary for the purposes of the legitimate interests pursued by the Council or by a third party		
Does the processing actually achieve your purpose?		
INFO: Please provide details to support your answer		
Yes		
Is there another way to achieve the same outcome?		
INFO: Please details to support your answer		
No		
How will you prevent function creep?		
INFO: Function creep is where data collected for one purpose is used for another purpose over time.		
Design of the new systems will establish the minimum viable data processing required to deliver the Housing Services and will provide data to enable further development and optimization. If this further development and service optimization requires a significant shape to data processing that could be called "function group" then a further DRIA would		

data processing.

be completed. The delivery approach proposed is more agile and aligned with a

continuous service improvement/technical development that may include refining the

How will you ensure data quality and data minimisation?

INFO: We should only use the minimum amount of personal data possible to achieve the purpose of the processing.

Data quality and minimization will be designed in at the analysis and redesign stage being mindful of the 6 principles of "data minimization" within GDPR/DPA that collectively provide one of the 8 principles of DPA "Data Quality".

What information will you give individuals about the processing?

It will be made clear to subjects accessing Council Housing Services why the data is being processed and what choice they have about its processing (aware of the reduced ability for a subject to limit processing of a contracted service) and how an individual can complian to the Council or complain about the Council to the ICO.

How will you help to support their rights?

INFO: Data subject's rights include the right to access, rectify, erase, port, and restrict their data.

The Council DPO and Data Protection Officers will ensure that all applicable rights are implemented. The Housing Service will work with IT service and vendors to ensure that these are enabled and implemented in the systems changes.

What measures do you take to ensure processors comply with the GDPR, and assist the Council in supporting individuals in exercising their rights?

INFO: E.g. will there be a contract in place with the processor that contains data protection obligations?

All data processors will have contracts and associated data processing agreements that are GDPR/DPA compliant. This will assumed to be the case and will be checked during the assessment and design phase of the proposed system changes.

How do you safeguard any international transfers of personal data?

INFO: If there are no international transfers involved, please state this

The Housing Service today does not include international transfers of data.

If this was required it would require taking advice from DPO and specialists to understand what organizational and technical controls would be required and this would trigger the need for a DPIA.

Step 5: Send DPIA Form to the Data Protection Officer

After completing this part of the form, please send the document to the Information Lawyer (Data Protection Officer) at information@southampton.gov.uk

The DPO will review the information provided, and identify and assess the privacy risks.

Step 6: Identify and assess risks (DPO to complete)

Describe source of risk and nature of potential impact on individuals. Include associated compliance and corporate risks as necessary.	Likelihood of harm	Severity of harm	Overall risk
1.	Remote	Minimal	Low
	Possible	Significant	Medium
	Probable	Severe	High
2.	Remote	Minimal	Low
	Possible	Significant	Medium
	Probable	Severe	High
3.	Remote	Minimal	Low
	Possible	Significant	Medium
	Probable	Severe	High
4.	Remote	Minimal	Low
	Possible	Significant	Medium
	Probable	Severe	High
5.	Remote	Minimal	Low
	Possible	Significant	Medium
	Probable	Severe	High
6.	Remote	Minimal	Low
	Possible	Significant	Medium
	Probable	Severe	High

Step 7: Identify measures to reduce risk (DPO to complete)

Identify additional measures you could take to reduce or eliminate risks identified as medium or high risk in step 5

Risk	Options to reduce or eliminate risk	Effect on risk	Residual risk
L.		Eliminated	Low
		Reduced	Medium
		Accepted	High
2.		Eliminated	Low
		Reduced	Medium
		Accepted	High
3.		Eliminated	Low
		Reduced	Medium
		Accepted	High
4.		Eliminated	Low
		Reduced	Medium
		Accepted	High
5.		Eliminated	Low
		Reduced	Medium
		Accepted	High
6.		Eliminated	Low
		Reduced	Medium
		Accepted	High
Comi	nents from the Data Protection Officer		
Comi	ments from the Senior Records Officer		

Step 8: Sign off

Item	Date	Notes
DPO reviewed DPIA and provided advice on:		DPO should advise on compliance, step 7 measures and whether processing can proceed
Senior Records Officer reviewed DPIA on:		SRO should advise on records management matters
Measures approved by Project Manager on:		Integrate actions back into project plan, with date and responsibility for completion
Comments from Project Manager:		
Residual risks approved by Information Asset Owner / Administrator on:		
Comments from IAO / IAA:		
Residual high risks approved by the Senior Information Risk Owner on:		If accepting any residual high risk, consult the ICO before going ahead
Comments from SIRO:		



Equality and Safety Impact

The **public sector Equality Duty** (Section 149 of the Equality Act) requires public bodies to have due regard to the need to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity, and foster good relations between different people carrying out their activities.

The Equality Duty supports good decision making – it encourages public bodies to be more efficient and effective by understanding how different people will be affected by their activities, so that their policies and services are appropriate and accessible to all and meet different people's needs. The Council's Equality and Safety Impact Assessment (ESIA) includes an assessment of the community safety impact assessment to comply with section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act and will enable the council to better understand the potential impact of the budget proposals and consider mitigating action.

Name or Brief	The variation and extension of the Public Spaces	
Description of	Protection Orders controlling street drinking in	
Proposal	Southampton.	
Brief Service	The Anti Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2013	
Profile	allows a local authority to create Public Spaces Protection	
(including	Orders to restrict activities which are carried on in a public	
number of	place and which are detrimental to the quality of life of	
customers)	those in the locality.	
	The Council and the police receive complaints about	
	street drinking and the associated anti-social behaviour in	
	some parts of the city, particularly in the commercial	
	centres and in public parks.	
	The existing Public Spaces Protection Orders are to be	
	varied and extended in the five where anti-social bahviour	
	associated with street drinking has been identified: City	
	Centre, Portswood, Bitterne, Woolston and Shirley.	
Summary of	The public spaces protection orders provide the police	
Impact and	with additional powers to tackle street drinking. These	
Issues	include directing an individual to stop drinking alcohol in	
	an area covered by a PSPO and to require the surrender	
	of alcohol if the street drinking continues. (The controls	
	applied by the PSPO's do not apply in areas which are	

	covered by a premises licence permitting the supply of
	alcohol.) It is also an offence to fail to comply with the
	requirements of a PSPO which may lead to the issuing of
	a £100 fixed penalty or a prosecution.
Potential	The public spaces protection orders will provide police
Positive Impacts	with additional powers to tackle street drinking, which will
	reduce the associated anti-social behaviour and will
	improve the quality of life in localities where the orders
	take effect.
Responsible	
Service Manager	
Date	
Approved by	
Senior Manager	
Signature	

Potential Impact

Date

Impact Assessment	Details of Impact	Possible Solutions & Mitigating Actions
Age	None identified	Not applicable
Disability	None identified	Not applicable
Gender Reassignment	None identified	Not applicable
Marriage and Civil Partnership	None identified	Not applicable
Pregnancy and Maternity	None identified	Not applicable

Race	None identified	Not applicable
Religion or Belief	None identified	Not applicable
Sex	None identified	Not applicable
Sexual Orientation	None identified	Not applicable
Community Safety	Reducing street drinking will improve community safety by reducing the anti-social behaviour associated with this activity, improving the quality of life of those living in, working in or visiting the areas covered by the orders.	Not applicable
Poverty	Street drinking may be associated with poverty or homelessness, but the issues are not directly linked.	Enforcement of the provisions of the PSPO will be focussed on individuals who are drinking alcohol and engaging in anti-social behaviour. Enforcement will include, where appropriate, action to direct individuals to engage with the support services that are available within the city.
Other Significant Impacts	None identified	Not applicable





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Date last	2 nd November 2018	Approval	2 nd November 2018
amended		date	
Lead officer	Chris Thornton, Information Lawyer (Data	Review date	2 nd November 2019
	Protection Officer)		
Contact	information@southampton.gov.uk	Effective date	2 nd November 2019

Project Details

Name of Project

SOLENT EMPLOYMENT SUPPORT

Brief Summary of Project

 Engage and support 398 economically inactive or unemployed adults into learning, skills and employment, whose health, drug/alcohol dependency, chaotic lifestyles or homelessness are barriers to labour market participation.

Promote education or training and achieve a minimum 22% into sustained employment.

Estimated Completion Date

Spring 2021

Name of Project Lead

Liz Smith

Details of Person Conducting DPIA

Name

John Connelly

Position

Service Manager

Contact Email Address

John.connelly@southampton.gov.uk

Step 1: Identify the need for a DPIA

Does your project involve (tick all that apply)			
☑ The collection of new information about individuals			
☐ Compelling individuals to provide information about themselves			
☐ The disclosure of information about individuals to organisations or people who have not previously had routine access to the information			
☐ The use of existing information about individuals for a purpose it is not currently used for, or in a way it is not currently used			
☐ Contacting individuals in ways which they may find intrusive			
☐ Making changes to the way personal information is obtained, recorded, transmitted, deleted, or held			
☐ The use of profiling, automated decision-making, or special category data¹ to make significant decisions about people (e.g. their access to a service, opportunity, or benefit).			
\Box The processing of special category data ¹ or criminal offence data on a large scale.			
\square Systematically monitoring a publicly accessible place on a large scale.			
☐ The use of new technologies.			
☐ Carrying out profiling on a large scale.			
☐ Processing biometric or genetic data.			
☐ Combining, comparing, or matching data from multiple sources.			
\square Processing personal data without providing a privacy notice directly to the individual.			
☐ Processing personal data in a way which involves tracking individuals' online or offline location or behaviour.			
☐ Processing children's personal data for profiling or automated decision-making or for marketing purposes, or offer online services directly to them.			
☐ Processing personal data which could result in a risk of physical harm in the event of a security breach.			

¹ personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade union membership, and the processing of genetic data, biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or data concerning a natural person's sex life or sexual orientation

If you answered "yes" to any of these, please proceed to Step 2.
If <u>none</u> of these apply, please tick the below box, and return the form to the Information Lawyer (Data Protection Officer) at <u>information@southampton.gov.uk</u>
☐ None of the screening statements in Step 1 of this document apply to the project, and I have determined that it is not necessary to conduct a Data Protection Impact Assessment

Step 2: Describe the processing

The nature of the processing

How will you collect data?

Registration forms

How will you use the data?

To monitor progression into training and employment

How will you store the data?

SCC electronic storage

How will you delete the data?

Manually when no longer required

What is the source of the data?

Personal disclosure

Will you be sharing data with anyone?

INFO: If yes, please provide details

In aggregated form. Not in forms where individuals can be identified

Describe the scope of the processing

What is the nature of the data?

INFO: Detail the type of personal data being processed. List any fields that will be processed (e.g. name, address, data of birth, NHS number, video images)

Name, D o B, address, NI number, employment history, ethnicity, gender

Does it include special category or criminal offence data? Please provide details.

INFO: "Special category" data includes personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade union membership, and the processing of genetic data, biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or data concerning a natural person's sex life or sexual orientation.

Yes – gender and ethnicity

How much data will you be collecting and using?

One record for each participant – max approx. 500

How often will the data be collected and used?

Collected once and used for monitoring purposes

How long will you keep it?

14 years (Requirement of funder)

How many individuals are affected?

Max approx. 500

What geographical area does it cover?

Southampton, Portsmouth and travel to work area

Describe the context of the processing

What is the nature of your relationship with the individuals?

INFO: Detail who the data subjects will be (e.g. residents, carers, pupils, staff, professionals)

Participants in the project

How much control will they have over their data?

They will need to agree to join the project and for us to process their data

Would they reasonably expect the Council to use their data in this way?

INFO: Please provide details to support your answer

Yes

Do they include children or other vulnerable groups?

INFO: If yes, please provide details

Not children, but likely to include vulnerable adults

Are you aware of any prior concerns over this type of processing or security flaws?

INFO: If yes, please provide details

No

Is the processing novel in any way?

INFO: If yes, please provide details

no

What is the current state of technology in this area?

SCC standard

Are there any current issues of public concern that should be considered?

INFO: If yes, please provide details

No

Describe the purposes of the processing

What do you want to achieve?

Recording client progression from unemployment into training and employment

What is the intended effect on individuals?

They secure paid employment

What are the benefits of the processing – for the Council, and more broadly?

Reductions in people on benefits, greater health and well being, and reductions in poverty

Step 3: Consultation process

Consider how to consult with relevant stakeholders

Describe when and how you will seek individuals' views – or justify why it's not appropriate to do so

Each client will need to agree for us to collect the data before they join the project

Who else do you need to involve, or have you already involved within the Council?

INFO: e.g. IT services, records management

n/a

Do you need to ask your processors to assist?

INFO: Processors are third parties who will process the personal data on our behalf

no

Do you plan to consult information security experts, or any other experts?		
INFO: Please provide details to support your answer		
no		

Step 4: Assess necessity and proportionality

Describe compliance and proportionality measures
What is your lawful basis for processing? Please choose one of the following
INFO: There should generally only be one legal basis for processing.
☐ The data subject has given consent
☐ The processing is necessary for the performance of a contract to which the data subject is party or in order to take steps at the request of the data subject prior to entering into a contract
\Box The processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which the Council is subject
☐ The processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the Council
☐ The processing is necessary for the purposes of the legitimate interests pursued by the Council or by a third party
Does the processing actually achieve your purpose?
INFO: Please provide details to support your answer
yes
Is there another way to achieve the same outcome?
INFO: Please details to support your answer
no
How will you prevent function creep?
INFO: Function creep is where data collected for one purpose is used for another purpose over time.
The team is familiar with only using data for the purposes it is intended for
How will you ensure data quality and data minimisation?
INFO: We should only use the minimum amount of personal data possible to achieve the purpose of the processing.
Monthly review of records

What information will you give individuals about the processing?

How their data is being used and stored

How will you help to support their rights?

INFO: Data subject's rights include the right to access, rectify, erase, port, and restrict their data.

Inform clients of their rights when we discuss the data's collection

What measures do you take to ensure processors comply with the GDPR, and assist the Council in supporting individuals in exercising their rights?

INFO: E.g. will there be a contract in place with the processor that contains data protection obligations?

All users have completed the SCC GDPR training

How do you safeguard any international transfers of personal data?

INFO: If there are no international transfers involved, please state this

There is no need to transfer data internationally

Step 5: Send DPIA Form to the Data Protection Officer

After completing this part of the form, please send the document to the Information Lawyer (Data Protection Officer) at information@southampton.gov.uk

The DPO will review the information provided, and identify and assess the privacy risks.

Step 6: Identify and assess risks (DPO to complete)

Describe source of risk and nature of potential impact on individuals. Include associated compliance and corporate risks as necessary.	Likelihood of harm	Severity of harm	Overall risk
1.	Remote	Minimal	Low
	Possible	Significant	Medium
	Probable	Severe	High
2.	Remote	Minimal	Low
	Possible	Significant	Medium
	Probable	Severe	High
3.	Remote	Minimal	Low
	Possible	Significant	Medium
	Probable	Severe	High
4.	Remote	Minimal	Low
	Possible	Significant	Medium
	Probable	Severe	High
5.	Remote	Minimal	Low
	Possible	Significant	Medium
	Probable	Severe	High
6.	Remote	Minimal	Low
	Possible	Significant	Medium
	Probable	Severe	High

Step 7: Identify measures to reduce risk (DPO to complete)

Identify additional measures you could take to reduce or eliminate risks identified as medium or high risk in step 5

Risk	Options to reduce or eliminate risk	Effect on risk	Residual risk
1.		Eliminated	Low
		Reduced	Medium
		Accepted	High
2.		Eliminated	Low
		Reduced	Medium
		Accepted	High
3.		Eliminated	Low
		Reduced	Medium
		Accepted	High
4.		Eliminated	Low
		Reduced	Medium
		Accepted	High
5.		Eliminated	Low
		Reduced	Medium
		Accepted	High
6.		Eliminated	Low
		Reduced	Medium
		Accepted	High
Comi	ments from the Data Protection Officer		

Comments from the Senior Records Officer

Step 8: Sign off

Item	Date	Notes
DPO reviewed DPIA and provided advice on:		DPO should advise on compliance, step 7 measures and whether processing can proceed
Senior Records Officer reviewed DPIA on:		SRO should advise on records management matters
Measures approved by Project Manager on:		Integrate actions back into project plan, with date and responsibility for completion
Comments from Project Manager:		
Residual risks approved by Information Asset Owner / Administrator on:		
Comments from IAO / IAA:		
Residual high risks approved by the Senior Information Risk Owner on:		If accepting any residual high risk, consult the ICO before going ahead
Comments from SIRO:		



Agenda Item 10

Appendix 2



Equality and Safety Impact Assessment

The **Public Sector Equality Duty** (Section 149 of the Equality Act) requires public bodies to have due regard to the need to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity, and foster good relations between different people carrying out their activities.

The Equality Duty supports good decision making – it encourages public bodies to be more efficient and effective by understanding how different people will be affected by their activities, so that their policies and services are appropriate and accessible to all and meet different people's needs. The Council's Equality and Safety Impact Assessment (ESIA) includes an assessment of the community safety impact assessment to comply with Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act and will enable the Council to better understand the potential impact of proposals and consider mitigating action.

Name or Brief
Description of
Proposal

SOLENT EMPLOYMENT SUPPORT

Brief Service Profile (including number of customers)

- Engage and support 398 economically inactive or unemployed adults into learning, skills and employment, whose health, drug/alcohol dependency, chaotic lifestyles or homelessness are barriers to labour market participation.
- Promote education or training and achieve a minimum 22% into sustained employment.

Summary of Impact and Issues

On 15th February 2018, the Council submitted an application to the Department for Work & Pensions (DWP) under the European Structural & Investment Funds (ESIF) Growth Programme for European Social Fund (ESF) grant funding. The application proposes engaging and supporting economically inactive or unemployed adults living in Southampton and the wider Solent LEP area whose health, drug/alcohol dependency, chaotic lifestyles or homelessness are barriers to education, training or sustained employment. Officers have been notified that the application for an ESF grant totalling £566,583 has been successful

Potential Positive Impacts

Grant funding will contribute to the Council's key priorities of a city with strong and sustainable economic growth and where people can live safe, healthy and independent lives. ESF funding will enable Solent Employment Support to:

 Help unemployed and economically inactive people improve their skills and move closer to work by tackling the root causes of poverty and exclusion in a consistent and integrated way.

- Enable target small businesses (SMEs) to secure the people they need to address labour shortages, develop workforce skills and improve business performance.
- Widen project reach and impact by encouraging innovation, adaptation and uptake of Solent Employment Support in locally commissioned services and other business sectors.

Elizabeth Smith
27 th March 2019
John Connelly
28 th March 2019

Potential Impact

Impact	Details of Impact	Possible Solutions &
Assessment	Betans of impact	Mitigating Actions
Age	The project will increase employment support provision to people of a working age	The project will increase employment support provision to people of a working age
Disability	The project will increase employment support provision for disabled people of a working age	The project will increase employment support provision for disabled people of a working age
Gender Reassignment	There are no specific interventions planned to support this cohort, but if the opportunity arises and the evidence suggests a need then bespoke provision will be developed	There are no specific interventions planned to support this cohort, but if the opportunity arises and the evidence suggests a need then bespoke provision will be developed
Marriage and Civil Partnership	Not relevant	Not relevant
Pregnancy and Maternity	Peri-natal employment support is on offer from a separate project	Peri-natal employment support is on offer from a separate project
Race	The project will increase employment support provision to people of a working age	The project will increase employment support provision to people of a working age
Religion or	Not relevant	Not relevant

Impact	Details of Impact	Possible Solutions &
Assessment	Details of impact	Mitigating Actions
Belief		Willigating Actions
Sex	The project will increase employment support provision to people of a working age	The project will increase employment support provision to people of a working age
Sexual Orientation	Not specifically targeted in this project	Not specifically targeted in this project
Community Safety	Not relevant	Not relevant
Poverty	The project will increase employment support provision to people of a working age and reduce poverty by supporting people to secure paid employment	The project will increase employment support provision to people of a working age and reduce poverty by supporting people to secure paid employment
Health & Wellbeing	The project will increase employment support provision to people of a working age and improve peoples health and wellbeing through support into paid employment	The project will increase employment support provision to people of a working age and improve peoples health and wellbeing through support into paid employment
Other Significant Impacts	Reduction in social isolation	





Equality and Safety Impact Assessment

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The Equality Duty supports good decision making – it encourages public bodies to be more efficient and effective by understanding how different people will be affected by their activities, so that their policies and services are appropriate and accessible to all and meet different people's needs. The Council's Equality and Safety Impact Assessment (ESIA) includes an assessment of the community safety impact assessment to comply with Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act and will enable the Council to better understand the potential impact of proposals and consider mitigating action.

Name or Brief		
Description of		
Proposal		

Weston Shore Infants School (Replacement of Roof)

Brief Service Profile (including number of customers)

Weston Shore Infants School is an infant school located on the Weston Estate in Southampton. This is one of the most deprived wards in the City. The school has a Published Admission Number of 30 and educates children from Year R through to Year 2.

Summary of Impact and Issues

In December 2017 Weston Shore Infant School was inspected by Ofsted and assessed as inadequate. As a consequence the Regional Schools Commissioner issued a Direct Academy Order requiring the school to be transferred to an Academy Trust. The nominated Academy Trust in this instance is Hamwic Academy Trust.

Potential Positive Impacts

The City Council is required to take reasonable measures to ensure the buildings are handed over in a reasonable and safe condition. The flat roof on the school is at the end of its economic life and requires a complete replacement. The replacement of the roof at the school will improve the accommodation at the school and enhance the buildings significantly. The proposals are to enter into a financial agreement with Hamwic Education Trust for the trust to replace the existing roof with a new roof as part of the conversion to an academy.

Responsible Service Manager	Paul Atkins
Date	28th March 2019
Approved by Senior Manager	Derek Wiles (Education Service Lead)
Date	28 th March 2019

Potential Impact

Impact	Details of Impact	Possible Solutions &
Assessment		Mitigating Actions
Age	4 to 6	
Disability		
Gender		
Reassignment	The provision of a new roof at	
Marriage and	Weston Shore Infants School	
Civil	will have a positive impact on	
Partnership	everyone who either works at	
Pregnancy	the school; visits the school;	
and Maternity	teaching staff; governors and the	
Race	children who are educated at the	
Religion or	school.	
Belief		
Sex		
Sexual		
Orientation		
Community		
Safety		
Poverty		
Health &		
Wellbeing		
Other		
Significant		
Impacts		